Notice.-Persons residing in the seventh ward will hereafter pay their subscriptions to Mr. James E. Given, who is our authorized agent for that ward.

Our Georgetown subscribers will hereafter be served regularly with the paper, by Z. Hunt, who is our authorized agent, and to him all subscriptions will hereafter be paid.

MUSIC AT THE PRESIDENT'S GROUNDS .- There music ATTHE PASSIDENT'S GROUNDS.—There will be a musical concert at the President's Grounds this afternoon, commencing, as usual, at 5, and closing at 7 P. M. It is expected that the excellent band attached to the Rhode Island regiment will perform on that occasion The mere announcement of this fact will, we have no doubt, be sufficient to insure a large turnout of both old and young.

REVIEW OF THE NEW JERSET TROOPS .- At REVIEW OF THE NEW JERSET TROOPS.—At an early hour yesterday afternoon, the different regiments of the New Jersey troops, recently arrived, were drawn up in position on Pennsylvania avenue, preparatory to their proceeding to the Executive Mansion, to be reviewed by his Excellency the President of the United States. The line, two files deep, extended several search of the United States. states. The line, two hies deep, extended several squares below Fourteenth street, and presented a most imposing appearance, numbering, as they did, some 3,500 men. About half past four, they took up their line of march to

the White House.

They were here reviewed by the President
They were here reviewed by the president
They were five and the president of moveand Secretary of War, who seemed to be forci-bly struck with the number, precision of move-ment, and soldierly bearing of the men, and frequently took occasion to express their pleasure of the manifestation here given, of Jersey's determination to preserve the Union of the States, if the services of her sons could effect it.

passed around Lafayette square, and from thence proceeded to F street, down F to Seventh, thence to Pennsylvania After leaving the President's house, they as Eleventh street, where, after going through various military evolutions, the different companies separated for their respective quarters.

THE SIXTY-NINTH REGIMENT'S CAMP .-The camp of the sixty-ninth New York regi-ment, in Georgetown College grounds, was yesterday visited by large numbers, both from Georgetown and this city. The Georgetown folks are doing everything they can to provide for their comfort, and the members of the regiment are enjoying themselves hugely. As is the case with the seventh, the regulations of the case with the seventh, the regulations of the camp are strictly adhered to; yet the men seem greatly to enjoy it, and are only willing to exchange it for the service of the field.

THE NEW QUARTERS OF THE TWELFTH REGIMENT.—Notwithstanding the disagreea-ble weather the past few days, the erection of the buildings on K street, for the accommoda-tion of the twelfth New York regiment, have gone steadily onward. They will take up their quarters there during the present week.

THE SEVENTH REGIMENT CAMP. - " Camp Cameron" was visited yesterday by a large number of ladies and gentlemen. The weather being fine, the camp presented a much better appearance than it has hitherto done. Every-thing is now kept in the most perfect order, the regulations of camp duty being fulfilled to the letter in every respect. The line of omnibuses continue to run to the camp ground every half hour, and take out large numbers. Yesterday afternoon, Fourteenth street presented a vergay appearance, with many carriages en route for the camp, and the many o hers who chose to foot it out. The regiment have a drill near to foot it out. The regiment have a drill the road every afternoon, at five o'clock.

PARADE AND TARGET FIRING. - Yesterday afternoon, the Metropolitan Rifles, Captain Nalley, paraded our streets, and proceeded to the Park, on Seventh street, where they engaged in target shooting. The prize, consisting of a barrel of flour, was won by Mr. George W. Bose. The Rifles paraded about ninety rifles, and made a very handsome appearance. This was their first parade in their gray caps, which were presented to the company by Captain Nalloy.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.-John S. Hollingshead has been appointed by the President a Justice of the Peace.

ARMS AT THE NAVY YARD .- A recent inspection of arms at the navy yard here shows the number to be sixty thousand.

FROM OCCOQUAN. - We have information from Occoquan, Va., which says that the excitement there has almost entirely abated. A company of volunteers from Fauquier, number-ing about sixty men, are stationed in the vicinity.

LOST CHILD .- A residing at number 419 Eleventh street, strayed off about three o'clock yesterday afternoon as the military were passing. The little fellow is about five years old, and is well grown for his age. He has red hair, and wore a straw hat with a green ribbon around it. His parents are very much distressed, and will be very thankful for any information that will lead to

RECKLESS. — Yesterday morning, a soldier belonging to one of our city companies, who was confined in the guard room of his company for disobeying orders, got hold of a loaded musket, which had been carelessly left in the room, and discharged it from the window. The ball went through two kitchens, and lodged in the wall of a room, a few inches from the head

New Jailon .- Marshal Lamon has appointed John II. Wise, of this city, jailor at the Washington county jail, in the place of Pat-

ROBBERY.—During Monday night, the stores of Boteler & Wilson and C. W. Boteler & Son, in the Iron building, on Pennsylvania avenue, between Ninth and Tenth atreets, were entered by burglars, who succeeded in finding the key of the iron safe and stealing over \$400 in money. No clue has yet been had to the guilty parties.

BURGLARS ABOUND.—About ten o'clock last night, some daring thief undertook to break open the door of Mr. Ward, on Indiana avenue, near the railroad depot. Being unsuccessful, he tried the doors and windows of the two adjoining houses. A lady discovered him, how ever, gave the alarm, and the fellow ran off.

CIRCUIT COURT .- This court met again yesterday, but, without transacting any business adjourned over notil this morning.

ORPHANS' COURT,—Judge Purcell presiding. At the session of this court yesterday, the will of the late William Moore, and also that of the late Alexander Posey, were both proved.

The return of the inventory was made in the

case of Dr. Evans. Several bills were passed, and a considerable

amount of general business transacted.

The troubles in the country seem to have no effect whatever upon the doings of this court,

the sessions being held regularly, and all busi-

UNIPORMS FOR THE FIFTH PENNSYLVANIA REGIMENT.—The fifth Pennsylvania regiment received their complete outfit yeaterday, and are now in a condition to take the field at a moment's notice. They have been drilled almost constantly since their arrival here, and are now capable of going through all the with the greatest precision.

CENTRE MARKET .- The dealers from the surthe market in greater numbers them the sur-rounding country are beginning to come into the market in greater numbers than for some time past, and, as a consequence, provisions are somewhat lower. The fish market continues to be supplied with shad from the Potomac Prices low, and the demand small.

CENTRAL GUARDHOUSE. - Before Justice Thompson .- Yesterday morning the following cases were disposed of: Simon Lundy and Mathew Smith, drunk and

disorderly; workhouse 30 days.

Margaret Wise, Sarah Grayson, and William Patterson, free negroes, persons of evil life and fame, guilty of disorderly conduct; fined

Walter Marshall and John Byron, disorderly

walter Marshall and John Byron, disorderly and breating windows, fined \$3.12½ each. John Hinnegan, for breaking into the house of Mary Jane Taylor, assaulting her, and threatening to burn her house and kill her, was ommitted for court.

Mary Branson, disorderly and profane; work

ouse 60 days. Mary McCann, for carrying about her person a loaded pistol, and snapping it at Eugene O'Connor, was sent to the workhouse for 90 days, in default of \$26.122 fine and costs.

THE KILLING OF BOYD.—The examination of the parties charged with shooting Cornelius Boyd was concluded at the jail yesterday after-noon, before Justice Donn—E. C. Carrington, Esq., District Attorney, appearing for the pros-ecution, and Messrs. Lloyd and Norris for the defence.

Thomas Venable testified that he went to Boyd's house after the shooting, with the twenty men sent from their armory. Witness saw J.
Lusby and C. Osborne walking guard at the
back of the house. He asked Lusby if he was
at the front of the house when the firing took
place. Lusby said he was not; that three of them had been stationed in the alley. Lusby

told him that his gun was loaded.

Columbus Selby testified that when he arrived at the house, he saw Nicholson and Howell walking guard in the back lot. Witness talked m. He was in the armory when the squad left, but did not know the orders they received. He does not know the rules in relation to sending out squads. Witness knows nothing of Nicholson's having been shot at

Thomas Venable recalled. Does not know whether Wood was there or not. Washington S. Wright sworn. Is one of the lieutenants of the company. He was in the armory on the night in question. Some time between nine and eleven o'clock, Sergeant Murphy came in and stated to the captain that named Crump had told some one that a man named Crump had told some one that Boyd had uttered treasonable expressions, and that he had drank a toast, "hoping to see the Palmetto flag floating from the dome of the Capitol in three days." Captain told him to Capitol in three days." Captain told him to bring evidence of the fact, and be would tell him what to do. Witness had never given an order for a squad to go out. They could not go out without orders, unless they went contrary to regulatious. He never knew of squads going out, although he had heard that Captain Miller sent out a squad to arrest Cunningham. Wm. F. Garrett testified that he is one of

the lieutenants, and was at the armory when the squad went out. He did not hear the order given to make the arrest. When the men were ordered to prepare to go out, heard Captain Miller tell Sergeant Murphy to get evidence on the party, and he would give him his orders. He does not know the man's name who they spoke of, or of the treason. He did not see Murphy again until after the shooting, nor does he remember Mitchell bringing in a buck. does he remember Mitchell bringing in a et of water. Murphy, he thinks, broug brought in some names on a paper before he left. Witness does not remember that Murphy told him that he would have to go all over the navy yard and among the brick kilns to get the information. Captain Miller told Murphy to get a written affidavit. Murphy asked Miller if he should take him dead or alive, and witness said, "No such orders." He did not see Bevans when the squad went out. He did not hear the order for the men to arrest the man given, or any such order, that night. He did not hear any com-plaint made of their having forcibly passed the sentry. The men cannot get out past the sen-try well, without giving the password, although they sometimes do so.

The case was then argued by the counsel.

The justice will give his decision to-day.

EXAMINATION OF CAPTAIN MILLER. Justice Donn, immediately on the conclusion killing Boyd, took up the case of Captain George M. Miller, charged with being an accessory in the case. E. C. Carrington, Esq., District Attorney, conducted the prosecution, and Messrs. Bradley & Son the defence. Captain Joseph Carroll testified that, on the

morning after the shooting, Mr. Brown, himself, and others, were standing on the street conversing, when Captain Miller came up. Mr. Brown asked Captain Miller if he had authority to make the arrest. Captain Miller replied that the Colonel said that he ought to have killed all three of the men.

S. F. Gates testified that he knows Captain S. F. Gates testified that he knows Captain Miller, but he never heard him say anything is relation to the shooting of Boyd. Captain Miller had said that he had authority to arrest, if he had the proper proof. He spoke of some men being under arrest, and said that they must be out by the next day, or there would be difficulty. He spoke as if he had an understanding with some persons, who would force them out. He thinks it was the military he spoke of.

spoke of The Justice here remarked that Captain Miller told him that Col. Mansfield said that they should be tried immediately.

Lieutenants Wright and Garrett were sworn.

and testified that Capt. Miller had always de nied having issued orders for Boyd's arrest. Mrs. Julia Murphy testified that on the morning after the occurrence, she saw Capt. Mille oming past her house, and she went out and asked him about the affair. Capt. Miller said that Murphy had not violated the law, and that

that Murphy had not violated the law, and that he would be at liberty in a few days. The only thing in which Murphy did not do right was in not bringing the dead body. Misses Julia Murphy, Elizabeth Murphy, and Mes. Pumphrey and McNally, sisters of Sergeant Murphy, corroborated this testimony. The case was dismissed.

FRENCH & RICHSTEIN Have just received a large assortment of FLAGS, BANNERS, AND BADGES, of all sizes and descriptions, From Five Cents Up.

Also, a large assortment of NOTE AND LETTER PAPER, With Flags and Views of the Public Buildings.

Envelopes to Match. FRENCH & RICHSTEIN,

278 Pennsylvania avenue.

Proposals for Stationery.

OFFICE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

IN PURSUANCE of the seventeenth section of the act of
Congress of August 25, 1842, entitled "An act legalizing
and making appropriations for such necessary objects as
have been usually included in the general appropriation bills
without authority of law, and to fix and provide for certain
incidental expenses of the Departments and effices of Goverriment, and for other purposes," scaled proposeds will be
received at this office until Tuesday, the fourth stay of June
next, at twelve o'clock, M., for formishing the following articles of stationery for the use of the House of Representatives
of the United States, viz:

Chost. No. 1, 75 resums white cap paper, extra superfine, fein

2. 75 reason blue cap paper, extra superfine, feint imed.
89 reams white cap paper, plain, extra superfine.
50 reams blue cap paper, plain, extra superfine.
50 reams white flat cap, extra superfine.
100 reams white quarto post, extra superfine, felot
because white quarto post, extra superfine, felot

7. 25 reams white quarto post, extra superfine, gilt

edged, feint lined.

8 100 reams blue quarto post, extra superfine, glit edged, foint lined.

9 200 reams white quarto post, extra superfine, un-

ruled.

10. 50 reams blue quarto post, extra superfine, unruled.
11. 25 reams quarto post, large size, extra thin, feint

fined.

12. 25 reams quarto post, large size, extra thin, unruled.

13. 50 reams white laid liath post, extra superline. feint lined. 14. 25 reams white laid Bath post, extra superfine, un-

ruled.

15. 100 reams extra superfine white laid note paper, large size, feint lined, gift edged.

16. 75 reams extra superfine bull laid note paper, large size, kint lined, gift edged.

17. 25 reams extra superfine damask laid note paper, large size, that lined gift edged.

size, tout lined, gilt edged.

1. 25 reams extra superfine damask hald note paper, large size, foot lined, gilt edged.

1. 100 reams extra superfine white hald note paper, large size, gilt edged, unruied.

1. 15 reams extra superfine white hald note paper, foint lined, small size.

20. 25 reams extra superfine white hald note paper, small size, teint lined, gilt edged.

21. 75 reams extra superfine white hald note paper, amail size, teint lined, gilt edged.

22. 25 reams extra thin note paper, No. 6, feint lined.

23. 25 reams extra thin note paper, No. 6, included.

24. 25 reams extra thin note paper, No. 8, cont lined.

25. 26 reams extra thin note paper, No. 8, unruled.

26. 100,000 white and thick adhesive envelopes, 65¢ inches by 35 inches.

3% inches. 00 buff and thick adhesive envelopes, 5% inches y 334 inches. 000 buff and thick adhesive envelopes,5% inches 29. 40 30.

by 314 inches.

60,000 white and thick adhesive envelopes, 514 inches by 314 moles.

25,000 white and thick adhesive envelopes, 514 inches By inches. 00 white and thick adhesive envelopes, 534 inches 50,000 white and thick adhesive envelopes, 5 inches
 75,000 white and thick adhesive envelopes, 5 inches

by 21% inches.
15,000 white and thick adhesive envelopes, 43% inches by 23% inches.
15,000 white and thick adhesive envelopes, 43% inches to 50,000 white and thick adhesive envelopes, 43% inches 34. 234 inches. 00 white and thick adhesive envelopes, 934 inches y 4 inches. 000 white and thick adhesive envelopes, 814 inches

by 334 inches. 20,000 bull and thick adhesive envelopes, 9 inches e inches. 30 buff and thick adhesive envelopes, 834 inches 334 inches. 000 buff and thick adhesive envelopes, 734 inches by 3M inches. 12 dozen best black ink, in quart bettles.

 45. 5 defect best Carmine ink; in small glass bottles.
 500 gross best metallic pois, in boxes.
 100 gross best metallic pois, on cards.
 50 gross best metallic pois, on cards.
 50 gross Perry's double patent large blue barrel pens, flue points, in boxes of one dozen.
 10 gross pen holders, assorted styles, for pens without barrels.
 5 gross rose-wood pen holders for large barrel pons.
 1,000 pounds best black sand, in pound papers.
 21 gross cut-glass inkatands, assorted size and 52. 1 gross styles. 53. 1 gross styles. gross pressed glass inkstands, assorted sizes and styles.

styles. 5,000 clear white quills, No. 80, best quality. 10 desce pearl-handle pocket knives, 4 blades. 10 desce shell-handle pocket knives, 4 blades. 10 desce buck-handle pecket knives, 4 blades. 60. 5 dozen assorted buck, pearl, and shell pocket knives,

2 blades.
12 dozen office shears, 11 inches.
12 dozen office shears, 9 inches.
13 dozen office shears, 6 inches.
14 dozen office shears, 6 inches.
15 dozen ivory-handle crazers, (Shaver's patent pre-65. 400 dozon Faber's Nos. 1, 2, and 3 black-load pencils.

400 dozen Faber's Nos. 1, 2, and 3 black-load pencils.
10 dozen color pencils, large and small size.
10 dozen ivory-handle water stamps.
200 pounds red waters, best quality.
250 pounds red sealing wax, best quality.
250 pounds red sealing wax, best quality.
26 dozen 9 linch line ivory folders, one inch wide.
10 dozen 9-inch fine ivory folders, with holders.
650 dozen red tape, Nor. 19, 23, and 25.
8 dozen ietter chips, gift am i bronze.
10 dozen large glass jars modiage, with cap and brush.

5. 10 dozen small glass jars mucilage, with cap and orush.

76. 5 pounds India rubber, medium size pieces.

77. 100,000 thick buff envelopes, 7⅓ inches by 53⊈

inches.
78. 75,000 thick buff envelopes, 734 inches by 534 tuches.
70. 100,000 thick buff envelopes, 7 inches by 3½ inches

80. 100,000 thick buff envelopes, 6% inches by 314 80. 100,000 thick buff envelopes, 6% inches by 3½ inches.
81. 200 reams brown Manilla enveloping paper, very lough, with amooth surface, 27 by 37 unches, to weigh not loss than 42 pounds per ream.
82. 800 reams brown Manilla enveloping paper, very tough, with smooth surface, 20 by 23 tuches, to weigh not less than 30 pounds per ream.
83. 1,000 reams brown Manilla enveloping paper, very tough, with smooth surface, 19 by 24 inches, to weigh not less than 23 pounds per ream.
84. 200 reams brown Manilla enveloping paper, very tough, with smooth surface, 24 by 27 inches, to weigh not less than 32 pounds per ream.
85. 400 reams brown Manilla enveloping paper, very lough, with smooth surface, 12 by 19 inches, to weigh not less than 12 pounds per ream.

bough, with smooth serrace, 12 by 19 menes, to
Proposals for the above must state the price for each class
separately, and be accompanied by the names of the structus intended to be offered.

By the act approved June 17, 1844, the Clerk of the Hoose

ties intended to be offered.

By the act approved June 17, 1844, the Cierk of the Hoose of Representatives is "directed to confine his purchases exclusively to articles the growth and manufacture of the United States, provided the same can be procured of such growth and manufacture, of antable quality, and of reason able prices—upon as good terms, as to quality and price, as can be obtained of foreign growth and manufacture." A preference will therefore be given to the productions of American industry; and all persons making proposals to supply any article, will state whether the same is of the growth and manufacture of the United States.

The articles are to be dedivered, free of any charge for carriage, at the office of the Cierk of the House of Representatives, on or before the first day of July next.

Each proposal to be endorseed, "Proposals for Class No.—of Stationery for House of Representatives of the United States," and addressed to the underagned. They will be free of postage.

Sufficient specimens of each class must accompany the proposals, marked with the name of the bidder and the number of the class according to the above advertisement. The person offering to furnish any description of articles at the lowest price, quality considered, shall receive a contract for the same on executing a band with two or more sureties, satisfactory to the Clerk of the House of Ropresentatives, for the performance of the same, under a forficiture of twice the contract price in the case of faithrey, which bond most be filed in the office of the said order within ten days after the proposals have been opened and the result declared.

JOHN W. FORNEY,

May 8—wiw

JOHN W. FORNEY, Clerk H. R. U. S.

LOUIS FRANZE, FRESCO AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER, AND DEALER IN

Paints, Oils, Glass, Lamps, &c., &c. HOUSE PAINTING AND GLAZING. 320 C st., bet. Sixth and Seventh sts., north side,

mar 18-6m WASHINGTON CITY.

TO LET.

A VERY convenient and comfortable brick dwelling, on the west side of Sixth street west, between G and H streets north, containing six rooms and summer kitchen, gas in all the rooms, and Potomac water in the kitchen, mar-ble mantles and Latrobe heater in the parlors. Rent \$200 per annum. Possession given immediately. Apply to WM. H. BRERETON, Grocer,

Corner of Seventh and F streets. may 7-3t

PWO or three gentlemen can be accommodated with sleeping aparaments in a small private family, at No. 531 Tenth street, near the Smith-sonian Institution, (Island.) apr 26

STOP AT THE right place, and buy your Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats, and Caps, at No. 460 Seventh street, Opposite the Post Office.

PROPOSATS

NAVY DEPARTMENT, Bureau of Yards and Docks, April 24, 1861. Bureau of Paris and Docta, April 24, 1861.

SEALED PROYCEALS for each class separately, endorsed year at panie for these No. (name the class), for the navy yard at panie the yard.), "will be received ut this office util note on the 27th day of May next, for formishing and delivering at the several may yards named, the materials and articles unthreads in printed schedules, which will be furnished on applicables, and sent by main, a so requested, to persons seating to offer to cuntract for any or all of the classes marked therein, by the compandants of the several navy yards, for the classes the yards under their command, or by the towy agent nearest thereto, or by the boxy agent nearest thereto, or by the boxy agent nearest thereto, or by the boxy agent nearest thereto, or by the box agent nearest thereto, or by the box agent nearest thereto, or all the yards.

To proved confusion and misinkes in scaling the offers, so bid will be received which contains clauses for more than one gard in one ensetype; and each individual of a firm most sign the bid and contract.

Buders are hereby continued and particularly notified that their offers must be in the form becommitter prescribed, and be mailed in time to reach their destination before the time expires for receiving them; so bid will be considered which shall be received after the period stated, and no allowance will be made for justices of the mail.

To guard against offers betting opened before the time appointed, bidders are requested to endorse on the envelope, above the address, and draw a line under the undersement, thus:

**Proposals for class No. (name the class,) for the navy

thus:
"Proposals for class No. (name the class,) for the navy
yard at (name the yard.)"

To the Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Washington, D. C.

Form of Offer.

(Here date the offer.)

1, there insert the name or names composing the firm.) of (name the town.) in the State of (name the State.) hereby offer to furnish, under your advertisement chated (date of advertisement; and select to all the requirements of the same, and of the praise schedule to which it refers, all the articles embraced in class So. (name the class.) for the many yard at (name the yard.) according to said schedule, viz. (here paste on the printed class from the achedule, and opposite each article set the price and carry out the amount in the columns for dollars and cents, and foot up the aggregate amount of the bid for the class.) amounting to (here write the amount in words.)

1 propose as my agent, there name the agent, if one is required by the schedule.) for the supply under the classes miscelaneous, by a non-resident of the place of delivery; and should my offer be accepted, I request the contract may be prepared and sent to the invy agent at (came the agency.) for signatures and certificate.

(Here the binder and each member of the firm to sign.)

Form of Guarantee

The undersigned, (name the town,) and State of (name the town,) and State of (name the State,) and (name of second guarantor, &c.,) horeby undertake that the above-named (name the bidder or bidders.) will, it his for their jeffer as above be accepted, enter into contract with the United States, within litteen days after the date of notice, through the post office, of the acceptance of his [or their] offer before mentioned.

Witness: (Signature of guarantors.)

mentioned.

Witness: (Signature of guaranters.)

I certify that the above-named (here name the guaranters) are known to me to be good and responsible guaran ors) are known to me to be good and responsible to the case.

To be signed by the district judge, district autorise, co ector, navy agent, or some person known to the bureau t

Class No 2, stone class No 6, white pine, spruce, juniper, and eypress; class No 7, lime, hart, and plaster; class No 8, cement; class No 9, grave-sand sand; class No 11, iron, iron nails, and spikes; class No 12, atoet; class No 14, flee; class No 15, tamts, oits, and glass; class No 16, ship chardlery; class No 16, the chardlery; class No 19, therework; class No 18, stationary; class No 19, threwook; class No 20, hay and straw; class No 19, provenier; class No 20, charcal; class No 23, betting, packing, and hose; class No 24, sperin and in-briesting oil; class No 25, iron castings; class No 26, augure; class No 27, authracto; coal; class No 29, bituminous Cumberland coal.

BOSTON. PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Class No 1, bricks; class No 2, stone; class No 5, oak and hard wood; class No 6, white pane, sprace, juniper, and cyprens; class No 7, hune, hair, and plaster; class No 8, coment; class No 9, gravel and sand; class No 11, iron, iron natis, and spiken; class No 12, stud; class No 13, pig iron; class No 14, file; class No 12, stud; class No 13, pig iron; class No 14, stud; class No 15, pattrs, other, and glass; class No 16, ship chandlery; class No 17, hardware; class No 18, stationery; class No 18, yad, and straw; class No 17, provender; class No 23, charcoal; class No 23, briting, packing, and base; class No 24, provender; class No 25, tharcoal; class No 25, tron castings; class No 26, augers; class No 27, antiractate coal; class No 29, bitminious temberland coal; class No 30, semi-bituminous Broad Top, &c., coal.

NEW YORK.
Class No 1, bricks; class No 5, oak and hard wood; class Class No 1, bricks; class No 5, oak and hard wood; class No 6, white pine, spruce, cypress, and juniper; class No 7, time, hair, and planter; class No 8, cement; class No 7, gravel and sand; class No 10, state; class No 11, fron, froit nails and spikes; class No 12, beaut; class No 14, their class No 14, plants; olie, and glass; class No 16, ship chandiery; class No 18, hardware; class No 18, stationery; class No 18, hardware; class No 18, stationery; class No 20, thardware; class No 23, barcoal; class No 24, sperm and labroating olis; class No 24, sperm and labroating olis; class No 26, augers; class No 27, antractic coal; class No 28, sperm bitu-minous Broad Top, &c., coal.

minous Broad Top, &c., coal.

PHILADELPHIA.

Class No 1, bricks; class No 2, stone; class No 5, oak and hard wood; class No 6, white pine, siffuce, oppress, and jumiper; class No 7, time, hair, and plaster; class No 10, slate; class No 11, tron, tron nails and spikes; class No 12, sloel; class No 14, files; class No 15, plants, oils, and glass; class No 16, ship chandlery; class No 17, hardware; class No 18, statiodary; class No 19, firewood; class No 20, hay and straw; class No 21, provender; class No 22, class No 23, betting, packing, and hone; class No 24, sperm and inbricating only; class No 26, angors; class No 27, anthracite out; class No 20, semi-bitumineus Broad Top, &c., coal.

Top, &c., coal.

NAVAL ASYLUM.

Class No 1, clothing; class No 2, hots, boots, and shoes; class No 3, provisions; class No 4, greeeries; class No 5, dry geode; chass No 6, bread, &c; class No 7, tobacco; class No 8, miscolluncoma; class No 9, hardware; class No 10, teamby, olds, and glass; class No 11, lumber; class No 10, teamby, olds, and glass; class No 11, lumber; class No 12, stations y; class No 13, drewood; class No 14, coal; class No 15, provender; class No 16, bricks, &c.

class No 16, provender; class No 16, bricks, &c.

WASHINGTON.

Class No 2, stone; class No 3, yellow pine timber; class No 3, yellow pine timber; class No 4, yellow pine innber; class No 6, oak and hard wood; class No 6, which pine, sprace, jumper, and cypress; class No 7, time, har, and plaster; class No 8, cement; class No 9, gravel and sand; class No 11, tron, tron mails and spikes; class No 12, steel; class No 13, pigitor; class No 14, tiles; class No 16, parts, oths, and glass; class No 16, stip chantlery; class No 17, hardware; class No 18, statonery; class No 19, provender; class No 29, by and straw; class No 21, provender; class No 22, charcoal; class No 25, belting, packing, and hose; class No 23, sperm and lubricating oils; class No 26, sugers; class No 27, anthractic coal; class No 28, buttumnous Chimberland coal.

The scholule will state the times within which articles will be required to be delivered; and where the printed schedule is not used, the periods stated in it for deliveries must be a set in the bids. All the articles which may be contracted. Inter be delivered at such place or place, and clouding draying - set cartage, to the place where used with as may be directed by the commanding efficer thereof, and, all other things being oqual, preference will be given to American manufacture. No article will be received after the expiration of the period specified in the schedules for the completion of deliveres, unless specially authorized by the Department. In computing the classes, the price stated in the column of prices will be the standard, and the aggregate of the class will be carried out according to the prices atol.

It is to be provided by the

in the column of prices with be the standard, and the suggestated.

It is to be provided in the contract, and to be distinctly understood by the Guiders, that the amount and nomber of articles enumerated in classes headed. Mascellaneous "are specified as the product of quantity which may be required, as well as to it's data for determining the lowest bid, but the contractor is to formide more or less of the said unumerated articles, and in such quantities and all such times as the broad and may experience as well as to it's data for determining the lowest bid, but the contractor is to formide more or less of the said unumerated articles, and in such quantities and all such times as the boreau or communical many engine; such mercase, however, not to exceed one that of the quantities stated (and requintions sent through the peculiar specified be more or less than those specified, the prices shall contain the same.

All the articles under the contract must be of this best quality, delivered in good order, free of all and everythings or expense to the tovernment, and subject to the highly and to that weight, or measurement of the said may yell, and or that weight, or measurement of the said may yell, and or that weight, or measurement of the said may yell, and or that weight, or measurement of the said may perfectly and or that weight, or measurement of the said may thereof. Bubbers are returned to they precise articles named in the schedule, they will apprecially the form the said there will be induced and to the precise articles named in the schedule, they will apprecially the precise articles manded in the said being a tractice in doubt on to the precise articles named in the article or articles in doubt on the precise articles named in the required to make in their proposals an agent at the city or principal piace near twill give a working. Comparison for the piace where the articles are to be delivered, will be required, and twenty per centure as additional security deducted from each payment until the contrac

the presentation of talls, in triplacite, doly vouched and approved.

No part of the per centum reserved is to be paid until all the rejected articles offered under the contract shall have been removed from the yard, unless specially authorized by the deepartment.

It will be stipulated in the contract, that if default shall be made by the parties of the first part in delivering all or any of the articles incurroned in any class but for on the quality and at the times and places above provided, then and in that case the said purious will forfeit and pay to the United States it sum of mency not to exceed twice the amount of such class; which may be recovered, from time to time, according to the act of Congress in that case provided, approved March 8, 1846.

The surveys units sign the contract, and their responsibility be certified to by a navy agent, collector, district attorney, or some other person satisfactority known to the bureau.

bureau. To so to provided in the contract that the bureau shall have the power of annuling the contract, witness loss or damage to the Government, of case Congress shall not have made sufficient appropriatous for the articles named, or for the completent or works estimated for and on which the advertosment is based, and shall also have the power to

increase or diminish the quantities named in the classes not boaded "Miscellaneous" in the schedule, twenty-five per

centum.

Persons whose offers shall be accepted will be notified by letter through the past office, which motics shall be considered sufficient; and if they do not entire into contract for the supplies aspecified with aftern days from the date of notice from the date of notice from the business of notice from

and the guarantors of such defaulting bidders will be held responsible for all delinquencies.

All offers not made in strict conformity with this advertise-ment, will, at the option of the berreau, be rejected.

Those only whose offers may be accepted will be notified, and contracts will be ready for execution as soon thereafter as may be practicable.

apr 27—w44w

Proposals for Furnishing Mail Locks.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, April 22, 1861.

Post Office Department,

April 22, 1801.

Selected Proposals for furnishing mail looks and keys
of new kinds, to be substituted for the looks and keys
now used on the United States mails, will be received at
this Department until nine o'clock A. M. the tenth day of
July, 1801.

It being desirable to obtain looks and keys of a new construction, and invented expressly for the exclusive use of
the United States mails, no model is prescribed for bidders;
the Department relying for its selection on the results of
mechanical skill and ingenity which a fair competition,
now invited, may produce. It is decined necessary only
to state that a mail look should be self-docking, and that its
other principal requisitions are uniformity, security, lightness,
arreight, durability, needly of construction, and facility of
these.

Two kinds of mail lo ks and koys—one of brass and the other of iron—different in form and construction, are re-quired; and proposals should specify, separately, the price of each iron lock, each key for same, each brass lock, and each brass key for same.

Two Rinds of mail 10, is a and keys—one of brass and use other of iron—different in form and construction, are required; and proposals should specify, separately, the price of each iron lock, each key for same, each brass key for same.

Duplicate samples or patterns of each kind of locks proposed, are required to be submitted with the proposals; one of each kind of sample locks to be rivetted up and finished, and another to be open or unrivetted, so that its internal structure may easily be examined. Every sample should be plainly marked with the bidder's name.

The locks offered should not be patented, nor should their internal construction be otherwise publicly known, or be similar to any locks hereotorore used; and they must be warranted not, in any way, to infringe or interfere with any patented investion.

The various sample locks presented by bidders will be submitted to a board of examiners to be commissioned by the Fostmaster General, for the purpose of examining and reporting on them; and, unless the Fostmaster General shall deem it to be for the interest of the Department to reject all the proposals and sponemes submitted under this advertisement, contracts will, upon the report of the examiners, be entered into, as soon as practicable, with the successful bidder whose locks are adopted, for furnishing similar locks and keys for four years, as they may be required and ordered; with the right, on the part of the lostmaster General for the time being, to extend and continue the contract in force for an additional term of flour years, on giving notice, in writing, to the contractor, not less than as mouths before the termination of the first term of four years; or, at the expiration of the first term of four years; to contract with any other party for furnishing similar or different locks, and keys as the lostmaster General may determine.

The contractor must agree and be able to furnish, if required and ordered, 6,000 brass locks and 600 brass keys, within three months from the time of entering line con

or the contract of the bridger, in case such proposals to ac-cepted.

In deciding on the proposals and specimens, the Fostma-tor General may deem it expedient to select the brisss lock of one bidder and the iron-lock of another. He therefore restorves the right of contracting with different individuals for such different kinds of locks as he may solect.

Proposals should be carefully scaled, micressed to the Postmaster General, and sudorsed on the envelope, "Pro-posals for Mail Locks."

M. BLAIR. M. BLAIR, Postmaster General.

apr 27-wsw

UNITED STATES MILITARY ROUTE. NOTICE.—In order to accommodate the travelling public, TWO DAILY LINES FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BOSTON, and other points North, will leave the depot, (near the Capitol.) on and after Monday, May 6th, at 10.30 A. M. and 10.30 P. M., for Annapolis; thence, by steamers, to Perryville, and railroad to Philadelphia and New York.

Passenger Trains from the North, Leaving Philadelphia at 1030 A. M. and 11 P. M., will arrive at the depot at 10 P. M. and 9.30 A. M.

Trains for Annapolis Leave Washington depot at 10.30 A. M., 4 P. M. and 10.30 P. M.

Leave at 7.15 A. M., 2.15 P. M., and 7.30 P. M. Arrive at Washington at 9.30 A. M., 5.45 and 10 P. M. By order of the Secretary of War: THOS. A. SCOTT,

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION. Piano, Voice, and Violin.

General Manager.

PROF. W. A. LOVELAND, continuing his vo-cation as Music Teacher in the city of Washington, would announce to strangers com-ing here to reside that he offers his pupils the superior advantages of a thorough and greatlymproved system of instruction, including the

lepartments of Harmony and Composition. Having had nearly thirty years' experience in eaching, he is able to adapt the lessons pleas ingly and philosophically to the comprehension of the scholar, so that much of the tediousness common in musical d'scipline is obviated, and study and practice rendered highly attractive. Prof. L. has taught in this city several years

nd is pleased to refer to numerous patrons for the most favorable testimonials. Prof. L. will keep in tune the pianos

pupils without extra charge. Orders may be left at his residence, No. 432 Seventh street, near G; at Mr. Adamson's book store, Seventh street, opposite the Post Office; or at Mr. J. F. Ellis's nusic store, Pennsylvania avenue, near Tenth TOR! ICE! ICE!

PURE BOSTON ICE!
WALTER H. GODEY, of Georgetown, has
now on hand a large supply of the above
desirable article, which, he respectfully informs
the citizens of the District, will be delivered to them by his wagons, during the ensuing season, at prices to suit the times. Orders left with the drivers, or at my office, corner of Green and Dumbarton streets, George-

town, will be promptly attended to. WALTER H. GODEY. Georgetown, D. C. apr 6-1m THE ONLY GOOD PORTRAIT OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN

Ever published, just out, and sent by mail free on receipt of 25 cents.

The trade and clubs of twenty supplied at low prices by

FRENCH & RICHSTEIN.

mar 9—tf

OFFICE No. 366 First street, between G and dec 4—6m

SMITH'S, No 460 Seventh street, is the best place in town to buy Clothes, Furnishing Goods, Mats, and Caps. feb 28—6m

THE GREAT CURATIVE: PERUVIAN SYRUP!

TRY IT.

Principal Office No. 39 Summer street, Boston. JEWETT & COMPANY.

For sale by all druggists. feb 18-3m

BY TELEGRAPH.

Further from California by Pony Ex-

Fort Kearny, May 4.—The San Francisco
papers of the 24th ult. contain the following
additional news:
Accounts from the interior concerning the

growing crops are encouraging.

The Fremont dam, Marippea, is reported to be repaired, and all the quarts mills are again

Accounts of Indian disturbances in Humboldt and other northern counties are again becoming frequent, and there seems to be an organized effort making to kill off all the roublesome savages.

The Humboldt Times of the 20th says that

on Sunday, April 14, Lieutenant Collins, with twenty-two men, attacked a ranch of Indians, and in a brief but brisk fight, killed twenty and and in a price but orisk ngnt, since twenty acc wounded three others. The next morning an attack was made by Lieutenant Collins on a large village, when five Indians were killed and three badly wounded. The number of warriors in this ranch was estimated at near one hundred and fifty, but they fied after the first charge, leaving the troops in possession.

charge, leaving the troops in possession.

As an evidence of further hostile movements, the Humboldt Times states that thirty volunteers, for which General Johnson made a requisition on Governor Downey, to be enrolled sition on Governor Downey, to be enrolled for a term of three months, to act as guides, were mustered into the service of the United States on Wednesday, April 15th, at Humboldt. They are first-rate for service, being experienced mountaineers, having their families within the districts of counties infested by the hestile Indiana.

which must result in good. Captain C. S. Lovell, commanding Forts Humboldt and Gasten, and Camp Bragg, has already or soon will take the field with 20 volunteers, which will constitute a rather formidable force. Lieutenant Coltute a rather formidable force. Lieutenant Col-lins, with a detachment of 45 regulars, is now in the vicinity of Van Dusin Fork, a tributary of Eel river. Lieutenant Dillon, from Camp Bragg, is probably before this time on the south tork of Eel river, with a detachment of troops, and, before many days, a detachment from Captain Underwood's command at Fort Gaston will be in the vicinity of the upper Red-wood creek and upper Mad river.

An Attack on Cairo Meditated. Cairo, Iil., May 4.—General Pillow, General Ely, and three other prominent officers of the Confederate army, with a large number of Misdssippi, Arkansas, and Tennessee troops, are

Heavy guns are arriving there daily.

Colonel Prentiss, the commanding officer at this point, has just received the following dispatch from three prominent citizens of Cincinnati :
"General Pillow has several steamers ready

at Memphis. He meditates an immediate at-tack on Cairo." tack on Cairo."

To which Colonel Prentiss replied:
"Let him come. He will learn to dig a ditch on the right side. I am ready."

Massachusetts. Boston, May 6.—An election to Congress, to fill the vacancy caused by the appointment of Charles Francis Adams as Minister to London,

will be ordered for June 11.

Orders have been issued from headquarters for the formation of four new regiments of in-fantry. Colonel Fletcher Webster's regiment will proceed to Fort Warren to-day. Louisville for the Union.

Louisville, Moy 6.—The vote in favor of the Union candidates to the Border State Convention was from six to eight thousand. cession ticket was some time since withdrawn. An Expedition Down the Chesapeake. Philadelphia, May 6.—The Government has chartered the steamer William B. Raney, Cap-tain Gallagher, to convey a military force from Annapolis down the Chesapeake as far as Dividing Creek, for the purpose of retaking the Smith's Point light-ship. The rebels of Virginia seized this light-ship, and removed it. The Raney has on board a force of seventy men, under command of Lieutenant Crosby, and carries four guns. This detachment will recover the light-ship, and replace it in its old

position, in order to render navigation safe

again. From Cairo.

Cairo, Ill., May 2.—Another full regiment arrived here to-day from Camp Yates.

Passengers from below continue to report the assembling of bodies of men at Memphis. the assembling of bodies of men at Memphis. It is said they are short of arms. Let them come here and take them. We have a surplus.

It is said the Union feeling is gaining ground in Kentucky, especially in the west, where the disloyalty has been most marked.

een most marked. The weather here is excellent, and the boys

Only one boat from the South to day. No orders yet to stop provisions.

FOR RENT,
A THREE-STORY Brick House, with attle,
No. 440 R street, between Sixth and Seventh
streets, convenient to the Post Office, Patent Office, and Centre Market; suitable for Govern-

WE have in store, and are daily receiving, and designs and finish, superior in style to any-thing heretofore offered in this market. We invite citizens generally to call and examine our stock of Gas and Water Fixtures, feeling confident that we have the best-selected stock in

All work in the above line intrusted to our care will be promptly attended to.

MYERS & McGHAN, NTERESTING to Office seekers, Office holders, and Everybody Else.—If you want an office, buy a nice soit of Clothes from SMITH, No. 460

Seventh street. If you want to have an office, buy a nice suit of Clothes from SMITH, No. 460 Seventh street. If you wish to look nice, buy a suit of Clothes

at SMITH'S anyhow. THE following order, issued by the Navy Department on the 26th instant, is now made public for the benefit of all whom it may con-

cern: NAVY DEPARTMENT, April 26, 1861.
To the Fourth Auditor of the Treasury:
Sin: The amounts found to be due to resigned Navy Officers from the States which claim to have

eccided will hereafter be paid them from the United States funds heretofore sent to or deposited in those States, except in cases where the Department shall otherwise direct. I am, respectfully, your obedient servant, GIDEON WELLES,

Secretary of the Navy JUST RECEIVED, at Smith's, No. 460 Seventh and Caps. All for sale, at very low prices. All persons in want of goods in our line will find it. greatly to their advantage to call before pur-chasing elsewhere, as our prices are lower than at any other house in town. feb 28—6m

GAS FIXTURES.